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Accident .w USA AF STATION 489 WELL so my 11. 1421 (Station of Investig Tar Department Cottesione P. S. Day Air Forces Committee) LATOL T OF ALL CLAFT ACCIDENT 1 Place Heer Benwick Combridge chire 2 Date 12 May 1944 3 Time 03:40 Asseralt: 4 Type 2 model C-474 6 2 5 A.F. No. 42-92679 6 St. tion USAAF 489 7 17 Organization: 7 IX TCC Winth AF (316 Troop Cerrier (Squadron) Paramel Name :Per : : AF : Duty: : Mating: Serial No :Rank :Class: Br: Comd: RTF: WoP (Last name first) : 12 : 13 : 14 : 15 : 16: 17 : 18 : 19 11 10 : OP: Spencer Dickson H. Pilot: 0789698

Sca: Fleet, Burton R. Pilot: 0303185

N: Still Oleran R. Pilot: 0303185 Major (01 : AC: 9th :Fatal No. 2nd Lt Col O1 : AC: 9th :Fatal No. P : Farris, James. L. :Pilot : 0393125 : Nav. : 0744871 PILOT CHARGED TITH ACCIDENT 20 Farris James B 21 0789698 22 Major 23 01 24 40 (1. Name) (F. Name) (Ser HT No) (Lank) (Per Glass) (Branch) Asrd 25 IX TCC Ninth AF 26 316 T.C. 27 36 T.C. 28 USAAF 489 (Count & A.F.) (Group) (Squadron) (Station) (Come & A.F.) (Croup) (Squadron) (Station 21) (Station 31, 20 May 42 Present hoting 35 Pilot 36.20 May Atchd for flying 29 uri in 1 rating 33 TO RESTRICTED ANDED TO RESTRICTED Instrument Rating 37.12/11/42 BY AUTHORITY OF__ First Pilot Hours: A DATE 2-27-46 (at the time of this quoident) 38 This type _____ \$33100 43 Inst time last 30 days. ht he ht time 1 t 6 mos ____ 40:40 10 Last 90 says 64115 15 m ht time 1 mt 30 days 11:30 Al Total AllCall lower All by set to Select Parts 1 1 1 50 We ther at the time of accident 3/4 meon Slight hase-Visibility 6-3 miles
51 Yes the gilt flying on instant that of suchdent No. 52 Cleared from Cottesmore. 53 To Secret Table Missions with all claiming district to answer Training Paradron .. 56 hater of heart Dollt son in full flight with other aircraft. 2 Fernation grossed course to flight RECEIVED-UN 5 1944 > Jumped treatmen to southert at 22 02 at

- Aircraft #42-92679, Pilot Mayor Jemes R. Farris, loading the 3oth 1.1. Shen., which comprised the last two of four 9 ship flights in the second sesial of the 316th T.C. Group. Formation was proceeding toward March on course with a heading of approximately 90°, altitude approximately 4300 feet.
- 2. The first seriel of the 316th Group, which was preceeding the second by about 6 min. had come in on the course to March slightly south of course and had turned a little west or short of March, the turning point; meanwile reducing altitude.
- At the time of the accident the lead ship of the first serial was approximately 4000 feet, or 500 feet below the lead of the second serial, and on a course of approximately 500 degrees, in such a manner as to pass directly from Southeast to Northwest under the second serial.
- 4. Aircraft 42-108877, Pilot Lt. J. L. Sharber, Jr., was leading the element of the first 9 ship formation in the first serial of the group formation. Prescribed course required a turn of 148° at March. Two 1-squadron formations were following same course at the same prescribed altitude. The first formation was possibly off course slightly to the left after the completion of the turn judging by the position of the wreckage. The main part of the lead formation went down and under the second, but ship 42-108877 piloted by It Sharber left the formation and attempted to go over the second formation, striking the 442-92679. Lt. Sharber's plane was in a steep climbing turn at the time of the collision. Both ships burst into flames and all personnel on both planes were killed.
- 5. A number of factors may have contributed to the accident: (1) The first serial according to plan, should have been north of the second rather than south after the turn at March. (2) The fact that Lt. Sharber did not remain in close formation (3) The fact that there was no more than 500 feet difference in altitude between the two serials. (4) The fact that the course was planned to include turn of more than 90° with large formations at close intervals and the esmeprescribed altitudes, making it possible or even probable that formations would meet or nearly meet an nearly receptocal heading.
- 6. As to suggestions, it is thought that if in future operations the climination of factors such as those listed above were accomplished, accidents such as this one would probably not occur again.

18 May 1944
Date Investigation Completed

Major, Air Coros

Investigation Officer

A G. accident Comittee

A G. accident

Investigating Officer
A/J Accident Committee

MILIAN E. CHITCHS

Enjor, And Corns
Investigating Officer
A/G Accident Committee

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Accident No

USA AF STATION 489

(Station of Investigating

Comittee)

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Accident No

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F. S. Var Air Forces

USA AF STATION 489 ·
(Station of Investigating
Cottesmore
Committee)

Aircraft: 4 Type a model ChyA 7 316 Thorn Carrier 44th Troop Carrier (Comi &) (Group)_______ (Squadron) For minel Name : :Per : : AF : Outy: (Last name first) : Rating: Serial No :Rank : Clase: Br: Comd: RTF:UoP

10: 11 : 12: 1) : 14: 15: 16: 17: 18: 19

P: Sharber, Joseph L. Jr. : Pilot: Q661243 let Lt: (01: AC: 9th Fatal: Flo

CP: Bayless, Hubert M. : Pilot: T1905675 : F/O: 1971AC: 9th Fatal: Flo Duty: : Mev. :0745781 lat Lt: OD :A6 :9th Fatal:/No : Al :37272213 6/Set : 12.9AC :9th Watal:/No N : Gallack, Harry (NMI) : Her : 0745781 let Lt: OD : A6 : 9th Fatal: /No is : Asleson, Floyd V. : Al : 37272213 6/Sgt : 120A0 : 9th Watal: /No RO : Sandlin, Harlan C. : RO : 34263809 6/Sgt : 120A0 : 9th Fatal: /No - FILOT CHARGES TATH ACCLUSING Instrument Ruting 37 22-12-43 First Pilot Hours: (at the time of the accident) . 42 Inst tire last 6 mis 38 This type ______ 1192120 ____ 43 inst time last 30 days 130 39 This midel _______1192+20_____ 45 m. It tam 1.5t 30 da. ______7:50. AIRCRAFT Day and 47 List of Change of Parts 66 Alreraf 50 Me ther of the Line of gorldent 3/4 moon alight have- Visibility 6-8 miles 51 Van the filt Flyin on knot at time of medical Name of the of the rance 52 Cleared from Cottoscore 53 To Secret Megle Mission & Mario of the rance lilet a to the Projects Engages ... - A Galliston in July flight with other drenkt .. E. L. Fatte, or ... I formations ornered course in flight-RECEIVED

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- 1. Aircraft #42-92679, Pilot Najor James R. Farris, Teading the 36th 1.C.Sodn. which comprised the last two of four 9 ship flights in the second serial of ... the 316th 1.C.Group. Formation was proceeding toward March on course with a Recding of suproximately 90°, altitude approximately 4500 feet.
- 2. The first serial of the 316th Group, which was preceding the second by about 5 min., had come in on the course to March slightly south of course and had turned a little west or short of March, the turning point, meanwhile reducing altitude.
- 3. At the time of the accident the lead ship of the first serial was approximately 4000 feet, or 500 feet below the lead of the second serial, and on a course of approximately 300 decrees, in such a manner as to pass directly from Southeast to Northwest under the second serial.
- 4. Aircraft #42-108377. Pilot Lt. J. L. Sharber, Jr., was leading the #2 element, of the first 9 ships formation in the first serial of the group formation. Prescribed course required a turn of 148° at March. Two 4-squadron formation were following same course at the same prescribed altitude. The first formation was possibly off course slightly to the left after the completion of the turn judging by the position of the wreckage. The part of the lead formation went down and under the second, but ship #42-108877 piloted by Lt Sharber left the formation and attempted to go over the second formation, striking ship #42-92679. Lt. Sharber's plane was in a steep climbing turn at the time of the collision. Both slips burst into Themes and all personnel on both planes were killed.
- 5. Anumber of factors may have contributed to the accident: (1) The first serial according to plan, should have been north of the second rather than south after the turn at March. (2) The fact that he. Sharber did not remain in close formation (3) The fact that there was no more than 300 feet difference in altitude between the two serials. (4) The fact that the course was planned to include turn of more than 90 with large formations at close intervals and the same prescribed altitudes making it possible or even probable that formations would meet or nearly meet on nearly reciprocal heading.

6. As to suggestions, it is thought that if in future operations the elimination of factors such as those listed above were accomplished, accidents such as this one would probably not occur again.

18 May 1944 Date Investigation Completed

Major, Air Corp.

Major, Atr Corps

Investigat Son file

Chien I. Kiloner

Major, Air Coops

Investi ting Officer

Wittiam E. Oritours
Mejor, Air Coros
Investigating Officer

Jahn H. Mac Culla



HEADQUARTERS 316TH TROOP CARRIER GROUP, AAF.

APO 133, U.S.Army 17 May 1944

On the morning of 12 May 1944, I was leading the first of two thirty-six plane serials being flown by this group. Shortly after 0330 I observed an occult below and slightly left, flashing "B", which was located at March, Cambridgeshire, and designated as the turning point to Cottesmore. I began descending from 4500 feet and turning from a heading of approximately 95° to 300°. On completion of the turn, I observed the second serial approaching on approximately 90° course in such a manner that our courses would cross very soon. I was at that time at 4000 feet and descending. In my judgement, the second serial was at 4500 feet or higher and there was sufficient difference in altitude for safe passage on the cross course. With this decision, I continued my course. My lead squadron flight had passed safely under the higher formation when evidence of the collision was apparent, due to the bright flash of the explosion.

There can be no question that in the interest of safety, the added precaution of turning my formation to entirely avoid a cross course would have prevented such an accident.

Lt. Col., Air Corps





I was flying Co-Pilot in the lead ship, let serial of the 315th T.C. Group with Lt. Col. Washburn as Pilot. We were on the mission known as "Eagle".

We had just completed our turn at March on our return course but were a little snort of March. I believe we were also South of course. We had approached our turn at an indicated 4500 feet. I believe we descended, in our turn, to an altitude of approximately 4000 feet indicated. After we had steaded on to our course for Cottemore, I noticed what I thought to be the second serial of the Group approaching us from the front and about 30 degrees to the left. It was apparent we were going to pass close together. However, I believed we were safely below the lead ships of the approaching formation. I looked out the Co-Pilot's window to ascertain, as best I could, that our formation was intact. All of the part of our formation which I could see looked alright with the exception of a lone ship. It was apparently alone and out of formation; riding above, to the rear, and slightly to the right of our formation. I believe we continued to descend until we were about 3500 feet indicated when we passed the other formation.

I looked up to the right rear at the other formation just after we had passed.

All ships appeared to be clear, but the lone ship was still in it's former relative position and still out of formation. I continued to watch both the other formation and the lone ship. Suddenly the lone ship went into a steep climbing turn to the right, up and into the other formation. It collided with one of the ships in the unird rlight of nine ships of the formation. Both ships burst into flames and fell burning to the ground.

MYRON (NMI) MILLER 1st. Meut., Air Corps

Co-Pilet - Group Lead ship.



In the vicinity of March (Wing Assembly Point) on route from the Command Departure Point to March Airplane 43-50052 leading serial (3) was (4) miles south of course.

This Airplane started its term from 85° to 300° about (5) miles snort of March and ended up in route from March to Cottesmore (2) miles north of course.

onsidering the area that is required to turn a group about 1950 I would judge pat if serial (3) did not pass over March that it passed to the outside of it.

EDWARD G. NAGLE JR.
Captain, Air Corps.

Navigator - Group lend saip.

44th TROOF CARRIER SQUADRON. Office of the Intelligence Officer

13 May 1944

SIBJECT: Statement of 2nd Lt. Jackson ". Beyer.

: Whom It May Concern.

1. I was pilot the second ship, 2nd Blement, first flight of the 44th Squadron on the night of 12 May 1944 at about 0345 hrs. After making our turn at Merch at 0345 hrs at 4000' to fly to Cotte smore, wo saw a formation approaching at approximately the came altitude. Our Squadron Leader started to re down and I think our element leader. It. Sharber, started to go down. Then he started to gull up and I think he pulled to the right. I continued to to down and then leveled off at the same level as the Squadron Leader. The last I saw of It. Charber he was going up. Then I saw a low in the sky from our rear. Both formations had navagational lights on at the time.

end Lt., Air Corps.

Pilot, 2nd Ship, 2nd Element, let Flight.

SUBJECT: Statement of 2m Lt. Kercl F. Rybos.

TO : Whom It May Concern.

1. On the morning of 12 May 1944 I was co-pilot of the Second Ship in the Second Element of the First Flight, 44 Troop Cerrier Squadron. After we had made our tunr at March returning to Cottesmore we were flying at about 4500'. We saw a formation appreaching us head on. They had their navigation lights on as did our ships. We swung to the right with our Lead Ship. Then we turned left and down, but our element leader, Lt. Sharber, went up and straight into the oncoming formation. I saw a flare in the sky and pieces of debris in the air. When Lt. Sharber started to go up and to the right we followed for a moment, but seeing we couldn't make it, we down and out.

WAROL F. RYBOS. 2nd Lt., Air Corps, CO-Pilot, Ship #47.

2nd ship, 2nd element, let flight.

80

44th Troop Carrier Squadron, AAF Office of the Intelligence Officer

13 May 1944

SUBJECT: Statement of lot Lt. C.K. Williams.

TO : Whom it may concern.

1. On the morning of 12 May 1944 I was pilot of the third ship in the second element, first flight, of the 44th T.C. Squadron. As we left March at 0345 hours on the return flight at approximately 3500-4000 feet, we saw a nother formation approaching us at about the same eltitude. Lt. Sha rber, our element leader, started to climb, but we were unable to follow him. As he went up he collided with a ship of the one sming formation, causing a blinding flash and an explosion.

CHARLES K. WILLIAM lat Lt., Air Corps First Pilot.

3rd ship, 2nd element, 1st flight.

44TF TROOP CARRIER SQUADRON, AAF

13 May 1944.

SUBJECT: Statment of 2nd Lt., Antonio Fasano.

"O : Whom It May Concern.

1. I was co-pilot of the 3rd ship, second element, first flight in the 44th Troo Carrier Squadron on the night of 12 May 1944. After we made our turn at March at about 4000° at 0345 hrs, I saw a formation with navi ational lights on approaching us at the same level. The formation kept coming at us. Then suddenly our Squadron leader went down. It. Shorber started to so up, and I noticed our right wing man peel off and go down. I looked back and Lt. Sharber had disappeared. (I think his lights blanded into the other formation.) I made a gentle turn to the left and went down. In turning I saw a flash high off my right wing.

AMTONIO FASANO, 2nd Lt., Air Corps. Co-pilot.

3rd ship, 2nd element, 1st flight,

2.691

44II TROOP CARLIER SQUADRON, AAF

13 Way 1944

SUBJECT: Statement of 1st it. Claire (NMI) Beck, U-1704157

TO : Whom It May Concern.

I was pilot of the second ship in the first element of the second flight, 44th Troop Car ier Squadran on 12 May 1944 at 0340 hrs. As we approached March at 4500' (my co-pilot was flying from the left seat), we saw a group of planes with navigational passing lights on at our level or a little above. They were approaching as almost head on from the left. I hept watching them for we were close and my co-pilot held his position. Then it looked like the second element of the first flight was gaining altitude. I thought they were going to try and no over the occoming formation. Our formation held the same heading as near as I could tell and what appeared to be the second element of the first flight seemed to go through the on-coming formation and them I saw a flash, explosion, and the sky was temporarily liting. I am not a me whether or not either formation changed headings upon approaching the other. The explosion took place to the right and somewhat above our ship.

CLAIRE (NOI) BECK

Pilot.

2nd ship, let element, 2nd flight,

45TH TROOP CARRIER SQUADBON -316TH TROOP CARRIER GROUP, AAP

A.P.C. 133, U.S. Army, 15 May 1944.

SUBJECT: Collision Accident of 12 May 1944.

TO . All Concerned.

TIME: 0400 PLACE: NW of March

1. I was leading the first flight of the second squadron in the 516th Group formation on the problem, Bagles I had just completed the turn at March, taking a course for our home base, when I noticed a formation of four (4) squadrons on our left approaching at an angle of about 150°. They appeared higher than our formation at first but as we drew closer appeared to be more on our level. I decided to drop down about three himdred (500) feet, but after losing 200 feet saw that my perspective was wrong and that they were considerably above us. Then this other formation was in front of me, there was a bright flash and then fire streaking out and debris scattering over the sky. The ship or ships, not distinguishable, fell out of formation, tending to spin as it fells I did not see another ship pull up into the other formation but other pilots of my flight reported seeing a ship from the second flight of the 44th Squadron gain altitude, climbing toward the other formation.

EDMIN L. HIRNER, Major, Air Corps, Leader, 1st Flight of 2nd Squadron in Group Formation of 12 May 1944.

n .

BRADQUARTERS 3167H TROOP CARRIER GROUP, AAF

APO 133, US Army 14 May 1944

SUBJECT: Statement on Accident, 12 May 1944.

TO : When it may Concorn.

At 0350, 12 May 1944, as we completed our turn at March, Cambridgeshire, to return to our base, I sighted another fermation approaching ours from the left at approximately 90°. Although I was flying high position in our group it appeared that we would pass under the fermation with a confertable margin of safety.

It seemed that our lead squadron had already passed under the other formation when there was a blinding emplosion. I immediately turned left to avoid falling flame and debrie but this proved unnecessary as we were farther away than I thought. My first impression was that a wing plane in the formation above us had collided with his element leader while watching our formation pass below.

Major, Air Corps, Leader of 4th Flight of 9 planes in 3rd Serial.



APO 133, US Army, 13 May 1944.

I was leading a formation of 18 planes of the 37th Squadron on Mission "Eagle". We were in 9-plane V of V's with 9-plane flights in trail, the 36th Squadron was following us flying 22 the same formation.

We were approaching March on the next to last leg of the return route at an altitude of 4500' on a heading of 950, air-speed 140 mph.

At a point about 3 minutes west of March, Cambridgeshire I sighted a formation approaching us from right to left, apparently on the 300° heading from March to Cottesmore. I supposed it was the first serial of the Group which was composed of 36 planes. The oncoming formation was below us, I would say by at least 500°. I thought that all planes of the 37th and 36th would pass safely over, but I did make a slight turn to the left and climb about 200°. My flight passed above and in front of the other formation, but in Just a few seconds a brilliant yellow glare lit up the sky. I checked the planes in my flight of 9 and the co-pilot and nevigator checked the second flight of 9-all were still in formation.

The turn at March was made and we continued to Cottesmore where we descended to 3500' and held until we could enter the landing pattern at 1500', all place of 37th Squadron landing in proper order.

The mission itself had gone off without incident. My formation dropped troops on DZ #1 at 0154, one minute late. We had not sighted the first serial of the Group since departing Cottesmore.

Major, Air Corps, Filet in Lead Plane of 316th Gp's Second Serial.

a

I had just been told by Meut. Someonter, My savigator, that we were a couple of minutes from the turn at March, I was flying in a normal position for formation and was dead level with my lead ship.

Suddenly anaircrart flashed into view immediately aread and slightly below crossing my path at an angle from right to left - racing us. I immediately dove my ship straight ahead and just as I was starting down that aircraft collided with my lead ship (Major Farris) and burst into flames, Just before my vision railed I saw the ship that I believed to be the No. 3 (left wing) ship in our element going down at the same angle as I was and slightly shead of me but well to the left. When I recovered my vision sufficiently to see the instruments I was turning slightly to the right and still loosing altitude - 0 I lost approximately 1000 rest in the dive from comising altitude of sadicated 4500 rest to an indicated altitude of 3500 feet - - I straightened out and climbed to 5000 feet and obtained a W/T QM to Cottemore.

Prior to seeing the snip pass directly in front of me I saw what appeared to be a group approaching us at an angle from my right - - After I watched it for a short while I decided that it was safely below our altitude and continued to watch my element leader.

R. W. ETTER, Capt., AC.

Pilet - #2 ship, 1st element, 1st 9 ships (36th Squadren)

We were cruising along on the right wing of the lead snip of the Joth Squadron. We were to the rear and slightly above the snips in the J7th Squadron. An airplane appeared neading right for us, he was a short distance below us. All at once he turned to the right in a very steep climbing turn, he passed in front of us and collided with the lead snip. The planes exploded immediately and we down down and out to the left.

Philip Honesd J.
PHILLIP TONEAD, JE.
2nd Mout., D.

Co-Pilet -#2 ship, let element, 1st 9 ships (36th Squadren)

Nearing March I noticed a formation of aircraft approaching as if to cut across our path. I kept watching them as the came closed. One started climbing and cut in towards us passing in front of our ness and up into Major Farris's ship. A large explosion occurred and I was blinded by the flash.

SELKE

Hallis Scheeliter

WALTER SCHEMTER, 2nd Mout., AC.

Mavigator - #2 ship, 1st Mement, 1st 9 ships (30th Squadren)

I was flying on Col. Fleet's left wing in the lead element of the next to last Squadron or the formation. We were approaching March when I noticed a formation meeting us. It seemed to be several hundsed feet lower than we. The engineer mit my arm and pointed anend and under the lead plane. I may a C-47 in a climbing turn - - looking as if it were headed straight for me. I instantly started down and out. There was a blinding rlash, my an explosion that could be heard over the roar of the engines - - the plane was shaking violently. I thought part of the right wing was gone and we all thought we were on fire. I was blinded for several seconds and on recovery found we were well out of the formation and still going down. I leveled out at 2000 feet and came home. I don't know the exact altitude of the collision out an sure it was a little over 4500 feet.

R. S. WHATLEY, 2nd Ident., AC.

Pilet- #3 ship, 1st element, 1st 9 ships (36th Squadren)

12 New 1944

I was riging Copilot in ship riging No. 3 position to saip that was destroyed. We were approaching another remation at what appeared a safe altitude above them when our erew chief puntched and yelled regarding a plane that was coming up at an altitude of a Pursuit instead of a C-1/. I don't believe the lead ship new it as no avoiding nanouvers were made. There was a direct hit and all seemed to explode upon impact. From there on only flame could be seem.

MATE V. SHARE, 2nd Marts, AD

Co-Pilet - #3 ship, let element, let 9 ships (3oth Squadren)

While standing in the companionway between the Pilot and Copilot I noticed a small formation of planes of which seemed to be going the opposite way, on the right of our formation. But, there was one ship that I noticed coming at our element which was the lead of the Squadron and when he kept coming closer the Pilot in our ship peeled off to the left and immediately after he did so there was a terrific flach and the plane seemed to have quivered which sort of made me believe that we were hit. The whole sky looked like it was lit up and I dashed to the cabin to look out on the wing, and I could swear that I saw flames rolling off it. Them I runned back to the Cockpit and looked out the asterdame and the wing was all clear but in a distance behind us I saw a lot of flames ralling to the ground.

T/Sgt A.J. PRZYBYLSKI.

Crew Chief - #3 ship, lat element, lat 9 ships (35th Squadron)

I was leading the fourth formation of nine aircraft in the second serial of the bloth Troop Carrier Group formation on the morning of May 12, 1944, "Engle" Mission.

At approximately 0335 hours while flying on a course of approximately 90 degrees magnetic, between Peterborough and March, at an altitude of 5100 feet, I noted a large formation of aircraft approaching on a course of approximately 300 degrees in such a manner as to intercept our course. It appeared to so that this formation was at approximately the same altitude as our formation.

To avoid a collision course, my flight of nine began immediately to lose altitude, at the same time it appeared that the lead of the intercepting unit also started to dive so I stared a climbing left turn and it was at this moment that it became apparent from the resulting flare of light that a collision had occurred somewhere in front of our aircraft, probably in the nine ship formation immediately preceding my own and such was, of course, the case.

4

JOHN H. McCullouGH Capt., Air Corps

Pilet - Leader of second 9 ships (36th Squadren)

1

I was leading #2 flight in the first half of the 30th Sqdn, formation. We were making good a heading of approximately 90 degrees, when we not another formation which was flying approximately 2900 feet or 3000 feet and coming in from slightly to the right of us. As we came together one ship that seemed to be clear out of his formation passed over the right wing man in my flight. I could'nt tell where he came from,

Immediately rollowing this another ship coming almost directly at my flight, but at a lower altitude, began a climbing turn to the right. This maneuver carried him directly into the path of our lead element and the result was a large explosion. I was blinded temperarily, but when my eyes cleared up, we were clear of the other formation. I tacked my flight onto the rear of the 37th Squadron and followed them home.

RALPH R. WELFER 1st Mout., Air Corps

Pilet- Leader 2nd element of first 9 ships (36th Squadren)



On the night of May 11, 1944, while on Troop Carrier Mission "Eagle", we were flying on a course of about 90 degrees at an altitude of 5000 feet as the third 9 ship element of four.

From my position as Flight Leader of "C" Flight my crew and I observed a flight of aircraft crossing our course from the right. It appeared as if one Squadron was going under and barely in front of my flight and one Squadron above and behind our Squadron.

Just as the Squadron was under our Squadron, one airplane from below suddenly made a steep climbing turn to the left. I was sure there would be a collision so I turned my rlight to the left and climbed to get out of the way. There was a sudden flash and an airplane fueelage came in front of my airplane and then fell in flames.

I could not tell which airplane in our lead flight was hit on account of the explosion. When safely permitted we leveled off and one wing man and myself returned to base.

William 6. WHEELER

1st Mout., Air Corps

Pilet - 3rd element, 1st ship, 3rd element, 1st 9 ships (36th T.C. Squadren)

Ltr War Department, Report of Africaft Addident, dtd 12 May 1944. C-47A, #42-92679, 36th T.C. Souadron and C-47A, #42-108877, 44th T.C. Squadron, 318th T. C. Group, USAAF 489)

000.93 lst Ind. G-19 HEADQUETTES, 52ND TROOP CARTIN WING, AAF, APO 133, US ARMY, 25 May 1844.

TO: Commanding General, IX Troop Carrier Command, Apo 133, US Army.

AS 360.33 (12 May 44) 2nd Ind. HEADQUARTERS, IX TROOP CARRIER COMMAND, APO 133, U S ARMY. 25 May 1944

To: Commanding General, Ninth Air Force, APO 696, U S Army.

22 Inclas

Inel 1 - AAF Form 14. A/C #4292679 (C-47A).(triplicate). Inel 2 - AAF Form 14, A/C #42-108877 (C-47A) .(triplicate). Incls 3 to 22 - Statements of Witnesses. (triplicate).



3rd Ind. 360.33 HEADQUARTERS, NINTH AIR FORCE, APO 696, U. S. ARMY, 30 May 1944.

E-I-12

Chief, Flying Safety, Army Air Forces, Winston-Salem 1, North Carolina.

Report of the Aircraft Accident committee approved.

For the Commanding General,

C. R. BIRBARI

Lt. col., Air corps,26627

Asst. Adj. Osneral.

22 Incls:

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